VOLUME XXXVII, NO. 246.

WEDNESDAY.

KANSAS CITY, FEBRUARY 13, 1895.

WEDNESDAY.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

WAR IN COLOMBIA.

THE SITUATION IN THAT COUNTRY VERY SERIOUS.

NUMEROUS BATTLES FOUGHT.

GOVERNMENT RESORTING TO STRIN-GENT MEASURES.

RIGID CENSORHIP IN FORCE.

VESSELS SEARCHED AND ARBITRARY ARRESTS MADE.

The Warship Atlanta Is at Colon to Guard American Interests and Has a Salutary Effect on the Lawless Element - Other War-

ships in Port.

New York, Feb. 12 -- A late arrival from the Isthmus of Panama brings informa-tion of the seriousness of the revolution now in progress in the republic of Colombla. Battles have been fought at several places in the interior, which the govern-ment reports as disastrous to the revolu-tionists, but the agents of the rebels assert that this is not true. The activity of the government in chartering the const-wise steamer Premier and forwarding arms and ammunition to the southern departments shows the anxiety felt. No reports unfavorable to the government are allowed to be printed. Local mails and personal letters are subject to inspection and letters of significance antagonistic to the government would result in the im-mediate arrest of the sender. All passenger ships arriving at Colon are closely examined for suspected sympathizers and munitions of war and the cable lines are also under surveillance.

Affairs on the isthmus are very dull and seemingly quiet, but an outbreak is IHE NEW TARIFF AND THE WEST Imminent at any time, as the laborers employed by the Panama railroad and Large Importations of Cattle From Mexico. canal companies are on the verge of a Strike owing to low wages and increased tost of living since January I, when an import duty of 19 per cent in all invoices went into effect, and in the event of a strike of railroad employes there is but little doubt that the sympathizers with the revolution would take advantage of the situation to secure arms and ammunition from the government department, No one is allowed on the streets of Pan-ama and Colon without a pass after 10 D. m. and the police are ready to disperse any crowd even in the day time. News of the wreck of the steamship Amerique, of the Campagnie Generale trans-Atlantique off Savanilla on January 27, reached Colon January 30, and the agent of the company applied to the commander of the American man-of-war Atlanta lying off the port, for his assistance, but owing to the critical condition of affairs on the isthmus and the assurance that no lives were in danger, the captain decided that his ship was needed more for the protection of American intersts at Colon than tion of American intersts at Colon than to assist the French ship. The presence of the Atlanta at Colon and the Nymph and the Satellite, two English men-of-war, at Panama, has a salutary effect on the dissatisfied employes of the Panama Rall-road Company, as heretofore all strikes have resulted in the burning and pillaging, not only of the raliroad property, but of all other classes of property, and these people know that as long as a man-of-war is in the bay there will be no chance of plundering the stores, as the blue jackets would be sent ashore at once to project property.

SILVER IS GAINING GROUND.

Senate Committee on Finance Decides to

Report a Bill Favoring Free Colunge. Washington, Feb. 12.-The meeting of the senate committee on finance to-day resulted in a decision by a vote of 6 to 5 to report a measure for the unrestricted coinage of silver on the basis of the provisions of the minth section of the finan-cial bill introduced by Senator Jones (Ark.). This section was amended in several particulars and as agreed upon is as call bill introduced by Senator Jones (Ark.). This section was amended in several particulars and as agreed upon is as follows: That from and after the passage of this the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed to receive at any United States silver buillion of standard lineness and coin the same into silver dollars of 412½ grains each. The seigniorace of said buillion shall belong to the United States and shall be the difference between the coinage value thereof and the market price of the buillion in New York on the date the presentation is made and all expenditures for coinage done under the provisions of this act shall be paid out of said seignorage; and the secretary of the treasury shall deliver to the depositors of such buillion standard silver dollars equal in amount to the price thereof as aforesaid; and whenever the said coins herein provided for shall be received into the treasury, certificates may be issued thereon, in the manner now provided by law.

The vote on the motion to report this section as amended was as follows:

Yeas—voorhees, Harris, Vest, Jones (Ark.), Jones (Ark.), Jones (Ark.), Jones (Nev.) and White.

Nays—McPherson, Morrill, Sherman, Allison and Aldrich.

There was comparative little discussion of the question after the suggestion for such a report was made and it soon became apparent that there was an understanding among members of the majority of the committee as to the line of action to be pursued and they afterward stated that they had held a conference and agreed upon their course. The Republican members offered no substitute and no obstructions in the way of securing a vote. It was also agreed to hold a special meeting next Friday for the consideration of the bill removing the differential duty of 1:10 of a cent on sugar imported from bounty paying countries.

Republican members of the calling of the meeting to day. They had supposed that on account of the indisposition of Senator Voorhees, chairman of the censor they had received assurance to this effect

High Authority.

Prof. Henry Morton, of Stevens Institute, is recognized authority of chemistry. Speaking of Butterine, he says it is "essentially identical with the best fresh butter, and is very superior to much of the butter made from cream alone which is found in the market."

Silver Churn Butterine

Is better than Creamery Butter and costs less. Every housekeeper should buy it for fine table use and for fancy cooking. Our Silver Churn on each wrapper is a guarantee of excellence.

Armour Packing Co. Kansas City, U. S. A.

HAWAIIAN CABLE IN THE HOUSE.

The Project Will Meet With Much Opposi-Washington, Feb. 12.—The appropriation for a Hawaiian cable, which was added to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill by the senate, furnishes material for an interesting controversy between the bill by the senate, furnishes material for an interesting controversy between the two houses. The Hawaiian policy of the house does not include the Hawaiian cable in its creed, or at any rate the Hawaiian policy of the Democratic majority of the house. There will be a strong opposition in the house to the expenditure of a half mil-lion dollars upon the survey and pretim-hars work hold on the source; a principle ibary work, both on the general principle of objection to government aid to en-terprises of this character and because of terprises of this character and because of the depleted condition of the treasury. Chairman McCreary, of the committee on foreign affairs, has stated plainly his ob-jections to the cable project in a recent speech, and the keynote to the Democratic policy on Hawailan matters has always been uttered by the chairman of the com-mittee. The cable item will command the support of the Democrats from the Pacific coast, and of the Republicans, but there is every probability of a majority against the bill.

The conference committee upon the bill

coast, and of the Repontenas, but there is every probability of a majority against the bill.

The conference committee upon the bill will be unfriendly to the cable amendment. The senators of the committee will be Blackburn and Brice, Democrats; and Hale, Republican, and Representatives McCreary, Hooker, Democrats, and Hitt, Republican. Both Blackburn and Brice voted against the amendment in the sonate, but they will be placed in the attitude of supporting it in the conference, as the instructions given to conferrees are to insist upon the amendments adopted by the house. They may make a report to the senate that the conference are unable to reach an agreement, and recommend that the senate recede from the cable project, but, unless the senate votes to do so, they will be practically bound to support it. Speaking generally, more senate amendments to senate bills are agreed to by the house than the number of those given up the senate recede from the cable project, is more uncertain, because four of the six conferrees are likely to be personally in favor of striking out the amendment, and representatives of both houses may be disposed to report back recommendation that it be stricken out.

Under the Wilson Bill-Injuring the

Home Grower. Washington, Feb. 11 .- (Special.) Secretary Morton, in response to a request for in-formation, has given out some very im-portant facts concerning the effect of the portant facts concerning the elect of the new tariff law on the cattle business, Ac-cording to an official statement it appears that during the month of December, 1833, there were only eighty-seven cattle im-ported into this country. That was during the days of the iniquitous McKinley law, During the corresponding month of last year under the new fariff set, cattle imyear under the new tariff act, cattle imyear under the new tarni act, cattle importations show a total of 27,192 head. Nearly all the importations came from Mexico, doing much to impair the cattle business in the West. This is what calls for the passage of the bills introduced on this subject by Representatives Curtis and Productor.

subject by Representatives Curtis and Brodefick.
These facts and other information of the sort will be effected as an argument for the passage of one of those bills during this session.

DIVORCES IN OKLAHOMA.

The House Passes a Bill Permitting Probate Judges to Sever Marital Ties. Guthrie, O. T., Feb. 12.-(Special.) The ession of the legislature to-day was an uneventful one, most of the time being devoted to routine business. Both houses passed resolutions asking Kansas to invest her school funds in Oklahoma school honds, and the senate confirmed the following ap-pointments by the governor: Territorial treasurer, M. L. Turner, Guth-rie; auditor, E. D. Cameron, El Reno; at-torney general, C. A. Galbraith, Oklahoma

City.

An event of the day was the introduction in the house of a bill giving probate courts the right to grant divorces, and subsequently railroading the same through three readings and passing it, despite the vigorous protests of the minority.

Hon. Chester L Long, of the Big Seventh, Joins the Ranks of the Benedicts.

Paola, Kas., Feb. 12.-(Special.) One of son in this city, was the marriage to-day of Hon. Chester I. Long, congressman-elect from the Seventh district, to Miss Anna Bache, of this place. The ceremony took place at the residence of Mrs. Colonel Campbell, and was witnessed by a throng of the friends of the contracting parties. Rev. Thaddeus Fritz performed the cere-mony. Mr. Long and his bride left imme-diately for Washington, where the honey-moon will be spent.

ASSOCIATED PRESS MEETING.

The Annhal Gathering of the Members

Chicago, Feb. 12.—The board of directors of the Associated Press are in session to-day, transacting regular business. Those present are: Victor F. Lawon, Chicago Record and News; S. S. Carvalob, New York World; Clayton McMichael, Philadelphia North American; Frederick Driscoll, St. Jan Ploreer Press; E. B. Noves, Wash. St. Paul Pioneer Press; F. B. Noyes, Wash ington Star; Charles W. Knapp, St. Louis Republic; E. H. Perdne, Cleveland Leader; J. Barr, Pittsburg Post, and James E.

Republic; E. H. Perdue, Cleveland Leader; J. Barr, Pittsburg Post, and James E. Scripps, Detroit Tribune.

To-morrow the annual meeting of the members of the Associated Press will be held in Rectial hall, Auditorium. In the evening a banquet will be given at the Grand Pacific hotel. Though many have been delayed by storms throughout the country, a large attendance of members is expected, and it is believed there will be present the greatest gathering that ever came tegether in the United States. The banquet is given by the Eastern members from New York, Philadelphia, Ealtimore and Washington. Many prominent members are already in the city, among them the following: Adolph S.Ochs, Chattanoona Times; John L. Rapter, New Orleans Pleayune; Page M. Faker, New Orleans Pleayune; Page M. Faker, New Orleans Pleayune; R. Simuson, Pittsburg Dispatch; L. Swift, Minneapolis Tribune, Colonel Frank G. Rice, San Antonio Express; W. E. Hazkell, Minneapolis Tribune; Colonel Frank G. Rice, San Antonio Express; W. E. Hazkell, Minneapolis Times; Charles Emery Smith, Philadelphia Press; C. E. Tamey, Wheeling (W. Va.) Register.

The Pennsylvania Limited, which loft New York at 1 o'clock this morning, had on board the following gentlemen: Arthur Jenkins, Syracuse Hernbi; Colonel Jatues Eliverson, Jr., Philadelphia Inquirer; C. Emery Medichael, Philadelphia North American; William D. Chandler, Concord Monitor; A. P. Langtry, Springfield (Mass.) Union; J. S. Seymour, New York Evening Post; J. S. Baldwin, Worcester Spy; St. Clair McElway, Brooklyn Eagie; Bradford Merrill, New York Press; W. C. McBride, Cincinnatt Enquirer; Frank A. Richardson, Baltimore American; Charles H. Grasty, Baltimore News.

Among the late arrivals are J. A. Butler, Buffalo News; W. E. Haskell, Eoston Iranta Journal.

Printers on the "Gazette" Discharged by

Printers on the "Gazette" Discharged by Manager Baldwin.

Sedalia, Mo., Feb. 12—(Special.) The compositors on the Sedalia Gazette were locked out this afternoon. The trouble arose over the use of a Thorne type-setting machine. On Saturday night the machine failed to work properly and the operators were compelled to work overtime, for which they claimed pay. This was refused, and all of the printers, including the foreman, were informed that their services were no longer required. Manager Baldwin is manipulating the machine to-night and expects to get the paper out on time to-morrow, even in the second of the second of the paper out on time to-morrow, even in the second of the sec

TRIBUTES TO THE GREAT EMANCI. PATOR IN MANY CITIES.

HENRY WATTERSON'S OFFERING

CHICAGO TO A GREAT AUDIENCE.

CELEBRATION AT BALTIMORE.

'Mr. Lincoln had intimated that payment for the slaves was not outside the possi-ble agreement for reunion and peace. I am not going to tell any tales out of school. I am not here for controversy. But when we are dead and gone, the private memorabilia of those who knew what terms were really offered the Confederacy— within ninety days of its total collapse, will show that in the individual judgment f all of them the wisdom of the situation

Mr. Watterson concluded as follows:
"Born as lowly as the son of God, in a hovel; of what ancestry we know not and eare not; reared in penury, squalor, with no gleam of light or fair surroundings; without external graces, actual or ac-quired; without name or fame or official training; it was reserved for this strange being, late in life, to be snatched from obscurity, raised to supreme command at a supreme moment and entrusted with

the destiny of a nation.
"Where did Shakespeare get his genius?
Where did Mozart get his music? Whose hand smote the lyre of the Scottish plowman and stayed the life of the German priest? God, God, and God alone; and so surely as these were raised up by God, in-spired by God was Abraham Lincoln; and thousand years hence no story, no ragedy, no epic poem will be filled with reater wonder or be followed by mankind with deeper feeling than that which tells

of his life and death. of his life and death."

The Marquette Club held an banquet at
the Grand Pacific hotel in honor of Lincoln. The principal addresses were made
by George R. Peck, of Chicago; Charles W.
Anderson, of Mary Volta Commenced Anderson, of New York; Congressman John Dalzell, of Pennsylvania; Hon, Frank J. Cannon, of Salt Lake; Congressman Cousins, of Iowa, and others.

Celebration at Baltimore.

Cousins, of lowa, and others.

Celebration at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Feb 12.—The memory of Abraham Lincoln was honored to-night by a grand dinner in the Hotel Rennert, given under the auspices of the Young Men's Republican Club. There were more than 150 gentlemen present and these included nearly all of the representative Republicans of the state and many from other states. A copy of the generally accepted standard picture of Lincoln, resting upon an easel built of fence rails, met the view of the company as they filed into the banquet hall. The toast, "Abraham Lincoln," with a sectiment from his first inaugural address, "We are not enemies, but friends; though passion may have strained, it must not break, our bonds of affection." Was responded to by General Adam E. King, "The Republicans at the Dawn of the Twentieth—the Administration Dmulation of All other Nations," had for its expositor United States Senator Allison.

"Party Organization" was cared for by Joseph H. Manley, chairman of the national Republican committee.

"The Lessons of the Last Election" were presented by Congressman Hepburn, of lowa.

Chauncey M. Depew's Remarks.

Channeey M. Depew's Remarks.

Burlington, Vt., Feb. 12.—The state convention of Republican clubs met this afternation to celebrate the anniversary of Abraham Lincoln's birthday and representatives from the entire state were present, as well as many distinguished Republicans from elsewhere. This afternoon exercises were held in the opera house at which Hon, Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, was the principal speaker, Referring to Abraham Lincoln he said! "Never was there such a president, never such a ruler. He did not represent hereditary privileges, for he came from the plainest of the plain people; he did not represent heredity, for he had none, he did not represent capital and great accumulation, for he had never here in the colleges or the universities, for he knew them not; he did not represent capital and great accumulation, for he had neither; but he did represent the toller upon the farm, in the work shop, upon the highway, in the factory, anywhere, everywhere where honest men and honest women were striving to better their conditions and to illustrate the dignity of labor and the no-bility of American citizenship."

Kansas Congressmen Approve the Plan for Redistricting the State.

Washington, Feb. 12.—(Special.) The Kan-sas delegation read in the Journal with no washington, read in the Journal with no little interest the provisions of the Blair bill in the Kansa's legislature, redistricting the state. They have also received many letters from members of the legislature, asking for opinions about that and other legislation proposed on that subject. Representatives Curtis Hudson and Broderick say they are very well pleased with the Blair bill. Other members of the delegation have also indicated that they would not oppose it, yet all had not made up their minds. It is suspected that Representative Simpson would prefer to be placed in the Elighth district, while the bill throws him with the Seventh, taking in the lower end of the Arkansas valley, which is supposed not to be as good Populist country as the southwest part of the state. With this exception, both Populist and Republican members are writing their friends in the legislature to pass the Blair bill.

Death of Samuel C. Junkins.

Death of Samuel C. Junkins.

Redmond & Junkins, which is one of the oldest and best known law firms in Kansas, Mesers Redmond & Junkins had been partners for twenty-eight years. The funeral will probably be held Wednesday after-

OKLAHOMA OFFICIAL EXPENSES.

Contest Over the Allowance to Governo ery vs. Flynn.

Washington, Feb. 12,-(Special.) Delegate Flyon, of Oklahoma, made an attack gate Flynn, of Oklahoma, made an attack upon the private secretary of Hoke Smith yesterday, and the result is that the private secretary is now without a salary. The indictment is without a parallel in legislative proceedings and was the topic of gossip around the house for some time. The legislative and executive bill was up for consideration and the committee CELEBRATION AT BALTIMORE,

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW DISCOURSES AT BURLINGTON, VT.

Schater Thurston Addresses the Republican Club in New York City,
Where a Brilliant Gathering
Was Assembled—Other
Celebrations.

Chicago, Ill., Ech. 12—Henry Watterson delivered an address to-night upon "Abraham Lincoln" before the Lincoln council of the National Union. The address was delivered in the Anditorium, which was filled to the doors. The speaker paid an eloquent tribute to the commanding powers of Lincoln and to the breadth and liberality of his nature. Speaking of the famous Hampton Roads conference, when Mr. Lincoln met the agents of the Confederacy regarding terms on which peace could be arranged, Mr. Watterson said:

"Mr. Lincoln had intimated that payment for the slaves was no touside the possible agreement for reunion and peace. It fynn a met have let. McRea moved to raise the pay for the slaves was not outside the possible agreement for reunion and peace. It fynn a met have let. McRea moved to raise the pay for the slaves was not outside the possible agreement for reunion and peace. It fynn a met have it. McRea moved to raise the pay for the slaves was not outside the possible agreement for reunion and peace. It fynn a met have it. McRea moved to raise the pay for the slaves was not outside the possible agreement for reunion and peace. It fynn a met have it. McRea moved to raise the pay for the slaves was not outside the possible agreement for reunion and peace. It fynn a method the by proposing to the Episconneck of the members have been subjected to the members have been

fashlon.

The amendment of Mr. Flynn was lost and finally, after Hilbustering and tellers had been utilized, it was agreed that the governor should have \$1.500. This was supported by only two Democrats, McRea and Little, of Arkansas, while all other support for even this increuse over the committee report came from the Republican side.

Iron side,
In the provision allowing Secretary Lowe,
of Oklahoma, \$2,000 Mr. Figure moved an
increase to \$2,558, this being the estimate
of the amount it would take to run that
office. Mr. Dockery appealed to the Democrats to stand by the committee recommendation. Japanesia.

SHAWNEE IS TOO EAGER.

That County Oversloing It in the Matter of Grasping for State Patronage.

Topeka, Feb. 12.-(Special.) There has been considerable talk about the amount of patronage the county of Shawnee is re-celving at the hands of the state of Kansas and more talk still about the patronage the capital city is still reaching out for. A list

IMBECILES IN MISSOURI.

Startling Figures Presented by Dr. Brummell Jones, of Kansas City, Before a House Committee.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 12.— (Special.) Dr. Brummell Jones, of Kansas City, was before the house committee on benevolent and scientific institutions this afternoon, in support of Mr. Bothwell's bill establishing a home for imbedle children. He thinks \$50,000 and 160 acres of land would be sufficient to put the home on a fair footing. He says that idiocy, insanity and other forms of nerve trouble are in-bred, and that the number of imbedles in Missouri is increasing every year, because practically nothing is done to better the condition of this class, and they are allowed through public and private neglect to increase in number. Dr. Jones says there are 5,000 inducties in Missouri now. Of that number, 1,500 are of school age, and of these probably 50 could be gotten 150 such a school home as he suggests. Of the 500, fully 40 per cencould be made self-supporting throughout life, and at least 10 per cent would graduate. and selentific institutions this afternoon, in

THE TITLE GOOD.

SO HOLDS MR. JUSTICE BREWER IN

JUDGE J. F. PHILIPS CONCURS.

WORKS FIGHT SETTLED.

Or It May Request the Water Works Company to Build a New Supply Station-An Appeal Will Not Be Taken.

its plant reached the city yesterlay mornnically there is no legal obstacle to the transfer of the Quindaro station to the city, yet as the city is entitled to have as City, Kas., the water works company if required by the city, should separate it reasonable time would be allowed by the court. This is one of the two ways by which Kansas City, Kas., can get www.r. The other was is suggested by Jistice Brewer, by way of friendly advice and is that this city shall enter into arrarge

ns to the Missouri Pacific righ, of way, the contract with the Fowler Packing Company, the Union Pacific right of way, etc., were technical in their nature and were made for the purpose of getting a ruling from the court which would be an inswer in the future to claims set up by

the interested parties.

The decision allows sixty days for the two cities to get together and fix up an agreement. At the end of that time an order will be made in harmony with th deringsment, if any is made. If the city decides to supply Kansas City, Kas., with water for any specified time, the court will order the Siescose to be paid into court and ex-Cinef Justice Francis M. Black is suggested by Justice Brewer as a commis-

water bonds, said last night that the contract for the bonds was bladling, and that they would be converted into each within a very short that after the court ordered the momey to be paid into court, though the purchasers of the bonds would ask for a decision of the state supreme court on the validity of the bonds. The bill recently introduced in the legislature, smpowering this city to issue bonds in payment of judgments of caurts, has passed the senate, and will undoubtedly pass the house. This will perhaps be regarded as sufficient validity to the bonds, but if the parchasers insist on an adjudication by the supreme court, the act without any rate validate the laste of bonds for the payment of the hydrant rentales which the decision of Justice Brewer declared ought to be paid, but the motion of the company for the immediate payment of the tentals was simply continued for sixty days.

Mr. Dean on the Decision.

Hon, O. H. Dean, counsel for the city, said last night, in discussing the decision:

"The opinion sustains the two principal

says that money, tosanova and work for summer of imbordies in Missouri is increasing every year, hecause prartically nothing is done to better the condition of this class, and they are allowed through public the property of the control of the property of

HIS DECISION.

ANOTHER POINT IN THE WATER

WHAT CONFRONTS THE CITY.

IT MUST FURNISH KASSAS CITY. KAS, WITH ITS WATER SUPPLY.

Mr. Rozzelle's Opinion The contracts for the sale of the bond The contracts for the sale of the bonds are in my safe and in my possession." he said. "They are definite and specific, and we are in shape to issue the bonds, turn them over and get the cash just as soon as the court makes the order for us to do so. The matter can be closed up at once when the time arrives."

SUMMARY OF THE DECISION.

An Opinion Given on Each of the Excep

The opinion is confined mainly to a discussion of the matters of the exceptions filed by the city to the title papers of-fered by the water works company on December 1, 1891. The opinion summarizes he objections of the city as follows s passes through the Fowler tract of and for the purpose of conveying the eater supply. This objection is obviated o the fact that the company is construct-ing a new flow line which does not pass brough the Fowler land and is not burned with any of the conditions on a

deted with any of the conditions on account thereof.

The second objection is that there is no deed or title in writing, from the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company for the flow line extending along the right of way from the Quindaro supply station down to the state line near at the joint of the intersection of the flow line with the Union Pacific company lands. The opinion holds in respect to this that the flow line was placed upon the right of way with the full knowledge and assent of the Missouri Pacific company, the absolute owners of the land. That the circumstances under which the flow line was so placed upon the railroad lands created a license which is irrevocable and is as good against the railroad company in favor of the water works company as a deed of conveyance. And the same conclusion is arrived at in the opinion as to the construction of the flow line under the lands of the Union Pacific company.

The third exception of the city was that

kansas City, Mo., to secure the construction of such separate supply station for
Kansas City, Kas., within a reasonable
time.

But at this point Mr. Justice Brewer
succests, by way of friendly advice to all
pariles concerned, that in view of the
fact that the Quindario supply the domands
of both the cities for many years to come
that the unitual interests of all concerned
would distate that instead of insisting
upon the separation of the supply source
for each city, that Kansas City, Mo.,
ought to prefer to continue the present
arrangement of the water works company
for supplying Kansas City, Kas., from
the Quindaro plant, thereby securing to
likelf the revenue arising therefrom, and
that Kansas City, Kas., should consent
thereto because it would conditinue to receive all the water needed without having to assume the burden of ultimately
paying for the construction of the separate supply station.

Mr. Justice Brewer aids, however, that
these matters are for the consideration of
the two cities.

The opinion then farther suggests a moddication of the modified order by Judge
Fhilips respecting the disposition of the
Stateson after the same shall have been
paid into the court by directing that the
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state and that as to the residue that
frust Company to ascertain the priorities
of the respective claimants thereto, and
to see that sufficient acquitrances and

End of a Long Litigation Fraught With

Guthrie, O. T., Feb. 12.—(Special.) The diverce case of Dora Hill vs. John T. Hill, one of the most celebrated cases ever tried in the territory, was decided

by the supreme court in favor of the plaintiff, giving her a divorce, a house and lot in this city and \$300 in each as

and lot in this city and \$500 in each as allmony.

Hill has been for many years a government contractor and prominent attorney for Indian tribes. Seventeen years ago he married Dora Hill, a girl living with his uncle at Nevada, Mo., and lived with her until two years and a half ago when he abandoned her, declaring they had never been legally united, and married Fannie Roper, a music teacher from Wichland Roper, and the form Juliand Roper, Smith (Populists). Dillard (Dem.)—14.

Vienna, Feb. 12—According to advices received from Armenian sources at Constantinopie, outrages by the Turks, in addition to those reported some time advices say that besides the outrages of a similar character occurred in the province of Harsen are said to have been committed in Armenia. These advices say that besides the outrages of a similar character occurred in the province of Harsen are said to have been committed in Armenia Roper, Smith (Populists).

ETIERY, BIRD, THAYER & CO., SUCCESSORS TO

Bullene, Moore, Errengolo,

Temperature pesterday-Minimum, 12; man To-day we look for the weather to be fate.

Drapery and

Upholstering Dept. New Turkish Bagdads, each

New Arabian Hangings, each \$7.50.

New Kishelm Portieres, each

\$10.00. New India Drapings, each \$5 00. New Japanese Panels, each \$5.00.

New Finlander Covers, each \$7. 50 to \$12. 50. New Bokhara and Oriental Stuffs, 75c, 85c, 90c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$0.00, \$8.00 yard.

Beautiful goods for Portieres, Pillows, Box and Couch Coverings. (Third Floor.)

Just the conditions under feet to give you a severe cold if you don't wear Cork Sole Shoes or Rubbers. Cork Soles, the warmest, dryest and most comfortable winter Shoes made.

Ladies' Hand Welt Cork Sole . and Hand Sewed Cork Sole Shoes, pointed and square toes, patent leather tips, fit excellently, for \$4.

Ladies' Rubbers, all sizes, 21/2 to 8, for 25c. Misses' and Children's Rubbers,

25C. Boys' Rubbers, 50c.

A glance at our latest direct importations shows us the latest Parisian ideas-they fre: Mais Shades, with black and self embroidery; white, with black and self embroidery; yellow, with black and self embroidery.

theater and calling, in 4-button Glace and 8-button length Mousquetaire Suede. Not all of the new papers are in,

yet there are nearly 200,000 rolls of

the freshest, prettiest kinds and

The light gloves used for street,

patterns that we know of, and the range of prices from 5c to \$20 a roll. You know how we seil Dry Goods -well, that's just the way we sell

Wall Paper. Third Floor. EMERY, BIRD, THAYER & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

Bullone, Moon Formery lo,

BROOKLYN STRIKE FAILS. Will Be Called Off To-day-The Men Withdrawing Their Demands.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Peb. 12.—As a result of a conference held this afternoon beween President Lewis and the board of directors of the Brooklyn city railroad and ex-Assemblyman John Graham and Police Justice Tighe, the trolley strike in

Ta, together with Justice Tighe and several of the directors of the Brooklyn heights railroad, were present.

The conference held later in the day insted several hours and, after an adjournment, Mr. Graham said that he expected everything would be settled tomorrow. The men withdrew all the demands, he said, except that the strikers be returned to their old places. Neither would Justice Tighe say what President Lewis had to say on the matter beyond stating that he would make definite answer in the morning to the men's proposition. It was learned, however, that President Lewis promised to take the men back, one by one, as they reported for work at the car stables.

It would be a question of first come first served. When vacancies occurred by the dismissal of non-union men, or on account of their leaving, the old men would be put in their places, but it is understood that no new men will be discharged to make room for the old men.

ANTHONY CONFIRMED.

The Populist Investigation Ended as Ex-

Reports Unanimously. Topeka, Kas., Feb. 12.-(Special.) George T. Anthony was to-day confirmed as state superintendent of Insurance by ing hour the senate went into executive report of the special committee ap-pointed to investigate charges against report of the special committee appointed to Investigate charges against Governor Authony. It was over in a moment. Not a speech was made. The committee, composed of two Republicans and one Populist, unanimously recommended the confirmation. The report was in writing and very briefly recited that no charge of any kind whatsoever had been sustained before the committee. The single charge submitted to the committee was the one contained in the affidavit of the man West, and that, said the report, was 2efuted by subsequent affidavits from the same man. In spite of this clean bill of health signed by Dennison, the Populist senator who first launched the charge, fourteen Populists voted against the confirmation. Every Republican voted for it. The ayes were: Brown, Carpenter, Danner, McTaggert, Metcalf, Morgan, Parker, Scott, Sterne, Thacher, Willcockson, Williamson (Republicans); Howling, Dennison, Forney, Helmick, Householder, Taylor, True (Populists); O'Bryan (Dem.)—20.

Nays—Baldwin, Cooke, Dumbauld, Helm, Jumper, King, Landis, Leedy, Reid, Reilly, Senn, Shearer, Smith (Populists); Dillard (Dem.)—14.

Vienna, Feb. 12—According to advices